HOUSING AUTHORITY OF WINNSBORO

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

TWELVE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 3/3/0

Mike Estes, P.C. A Professional Accounting Corporation

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MIKE ESTES, P.C.

A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING CORPORATION 4200 AIRPORT FREEWAY - SUITE 100 FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76117

> (817) 831-3553 METRO (817) 654-4063 (817) 831-3560 e-mail· mesiespc@swbell net

MIKE ESTES, CPA

MEMBER OF THE
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC
ACCOUNTANTS
and the
AICPA GOVERNMENTAL
AUDIT QUALITY CENTER

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners Housing Authority of Winnsboro Winnsboro, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana, as of September 30, 2009, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 8, 2010, on our consideration of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis listed in the table of contents is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Financial Data Schedules required by HUD and other accompanying information identified in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mike Estes, P.C. Fort Worth, Texas February 8, 2010

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF WINNSBORO, LA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

September 30, 2009

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) September 30, 2009

The management of Public Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana presents the following discussion and analysis (MD&A) of the Housing Authority's financial activities for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2009. This represents an overview of financial information. Please read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the Authority's included audited financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The primary source of funding for these activities continues to be subsidies and grants from the
 Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), whereas tenant rentals provide a
 secondary but also significant source of funding.
- The Housing Authority's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$2,143,265 at the close of the fiscal year ended 2009.
 - ✓ Of this amount \$1,582,101 represents a restriction equal to the net amount invested in land, building, furnishings, leasehold improvements, equipment, and construction in progress.
 - ✓ The remainder of \$561,164 of unrestricted assets could be used to meet the Housing Authority's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. As a measure of financial strength, this amount equals 55% of the total operating expenses of \$1,022,626 for the fiscal year 2009, which means the Authority might be able to operate about 6.5 months using the unrestricted assets alone, which compares favorably with 4.5 months in the prior fiscal year.
- The Housing Authority's total net assets increased by \$283,108, a 15% change from the prior fiscal year 2008. This increase is attributable to significant increases in Federal grants for both operations and capital improvements, described in more detail below.
- The increase in net assets of these funds was accompanied by an increase in cash and cash equivalents of \$167,795. Rental, other, and federal receipts exceeded payments to vendors and employees by \$165,272.
- The Authority spent \$379,930 on capital asset additions during the current fiscal year.
- These changes led to an increase in total assets by \$275,987 and a decrease in total liabilities by \$7,122. As related measure of financial health, there are still over \$8.26 of current assets covering each dollar of total current and long-term liabilities, which compares less favorably with \$5.55 covering the prior fiscal year's liabilities.
- The Housing Authority continues to operate without the need for debt borrowing.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) September 30, 2009

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the Housing Authority's basic financial statements. The Housing Authority is a special-purpose government engaged in business-type activities. Accordingly, only fund financial statements are presented as the basic financial statements, comprised of two components: (1) fund financial statements and (2) a series of notes to the financial statements. These provide information about the activities of the Housing Authority as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Housing Authority's finances. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves demonstrating how projects funded by HUD have been completed, and whether there are inadequacies in the Authority's internal controls.

Reporting on the Housing Authority as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the Authority's finances is, "Is the Housing Authority as a whole better off, or worse off, as a result of the achievements of fiscal year 2009?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets report information about the Housing Authority as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Fund Financial Statements

All of the funds of the Housing Authority are reported as proprietary funds. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Housing Authority, like other enterprises operated by state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The Housing Authority's financial statements report its net assets and changes in them. One can think of the Housing Authority's net assets – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the Authority's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the Authority's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. One will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as the changes in the Authority's occupancy levels or its legal obligations to HUD, to assess the overall health of the Housing Authority.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The Housing Authority's annual report consists of financial statements that show combined information about the Housing Authority's most significant programs:

Low Rent Public Housing
Public Housing Capital Fund Program

The Housing Authority's auditors provided assurance in their independent auditors' report with which this MD&A is included, that the basic financial statements are fairly stated. The auditors provide varying degrees of assurance regarding the other information included in this report. A user of this report should read the independent auditors' report carefully to determine the level of assurance provided for each of the other parts of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) September 30, 2009

Reporting the Housing Authority's Most Significant Funds

The Housing Authority's financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds. Some funds are required to be established by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). However, the Housing Authority establishes other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes, or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money.

The Housing Authority's enterprise funds use the following accounting approach for Proprietary funds: All of the Housing Authority's services are reported in enterprise funds. The focus of proprietary funds is on income measurement, which, together with the maintenance of net assets, is an important financial indicator.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Housing Authority's net assets were \$2,143,265 as of September 30, 2009. Of this amount, \$1,582,101 was invested in capital assets, and the remaining \$561,164 was unrestricted. No other specific Assets are restricted. Also, there are no other restrictions on general Net Assets.

CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Balance Sheet As of September 30, 2009

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	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets	\$ 638,432	\$ 468,179
Capital assets, net of depreciation	<u>1,582,101</u>	1,476,368
Total assets	2,220,533	1,944,547
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities	44,397	47,448
Non-current liabilities	32,871	36,942
Total liabilities	77,268	84,390
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of depreciation	1,582,101	1,476,368
Unrestricted net assets	<u>561,164</u>	383,789_
Total net assets	2,143,265	1,860,157
Total liabilities and net assets	2,220,533	1,944,547

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) September 30, 2009

CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The net assets of these funds increased by \$283,108, or by 15%, from those of fiscal year 2008, as explained below. In the narrative that follows, the detail factors causing this change are discussed:

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets (Excluding Interfund Transfers) Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

Governmental operating grants 506,419 39 Other 150,401 12 Total Operating Revenues 1,023,183 86 OPERATING EXPENSES 39 193,850 19 Tenant services 27,250 27 27 Utilities 205,258 30 Ordinary maintenance & operations 326,576 23 General expenses 98,315 9 Depreciation 171,378 14	11,529 26,844 26,431 54,804 99,527 26,913
Governmental operating grants 506,419 39 Other 150,401 12 Total Operating Revenues 1,023,183 86 OPERATING EXPENSES 39 193,850 19 Administration 193,850 19 20 Tenant services 27,250 2 2 Utilities 205,258 30 Ordinary maintenance & operations 326,576 23 General expenses 98,315 9 Depreciation 171,378 14	96,844 96,431 94,804 99,527
Other 150,401 12 Total Operating Revenues 1,023,183 86 OPERATING EXPENSES 193,850 19 Administration 193,850 19 Tenant services 27,250 2 Utilities 205,258 36 Ordinary maintenance & operations 326,576 23 General expenses 98,315 9 Depreciation 171,378 14	64,804
Total Operating Revenues 1,023,183 86 OPERATING EXPENSES 193,850 19 Administration 193,850 19 Tenant services 27,250 2 Utilities 205,258 30 Ordinary maintenance & operations 326,576 23 General expenses 98,315 9 Depreciation 171,378 14	54,804 09,527
OPERATING EXPENSES Administration 193,850 19 Tenant services 27,250 2 Utilities 205,258 30 Ordinary maintenance & operations 326,576 23 General expenses 98,315 9 Depreciation 171,378 14	9,527
Administration 193,850 19 Tenant services 27,250 2 Utilities 205,258 30 Ordinary maintenance & operations 326,576 23 General expenses 98,315 9 Depreciation 171,378 14	-
Tenant services 27,250 2 Utilities 205,258 30 Ordinary maintenance & operations 326,576 23 General expenses 98,315 9 Depreciation 171,378 14	-
Utilities 205,258 30 Ordinary maintenance & operations 326,576 23 General expenses 98,315 9 Depreciation 171,378 14	6 013
Ordinary maintenance & operations 326,576 23 General expenses 98,315 5 Depreciation 171,378 14	.0,713
General expenses 98,315 9 Depreciation 171,378 14	9,292
Depreciation 171,378 14	6,785
· — —	7,139
Total Operating Expenses 1,022,627 1,01	6,938
	6,594
Income (loss) from Operations 556 (15	1,790)
Non Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest earnings 5,441	8,668
Total Non-Operating	
Revenues (Expenses) 5,441	8,668
Income (loss) before contribution 5,997 (14	3,122)
Capital Contribution 277,111 21	1,395
Change in net assets 283,108	58,273
Total net assets - beginning 1,860,157 1,79	1,884
Total net assets - ending \$ 2,143,265 \$ 1,86	_,00.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) September 30, 2009

EXPLANATIONS OF FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Compared with the prior fiscal year, total operating and non-operating revenues, and capital grants increased \$220,868, or by 20%, from a combination of larger offsetting factors. Reasons for most of this change are listed below in order of impact from greatest to least:

- Federal revenues from HUD for operations increased by \$109,575, or by 28% from that of the prior fiscal year. The determination of operating grants is based in part upon operations performance of prior years. This amount fluctuates from year-to-year because of the complexities of the funding formula HUD employs. Generally, this formula calculates an allowable expense level adjusted for inflation, occupancy, and other factors, and then uses this final result as a basis for determining the grant amount. The amount of rent subsidy received from HUD depends upon an eligibility scale of each tenant. There was an increase in the number of eligible tenants receiving subsidies, so Housing Assistance Grants increased accordingly, lowering the overall total.
- Federal Capital Funds from HUD increased by \$65,716 from that of the prior fiscal year. The
 Housing Authority was still in the process of completing projects funded from grants by HUD for
 fiscal years 2008 and 2009, and submitted a new grant during fiscal year 2010.
- Total other non-operating revenue increased from that of the prior fiscal year by \$23,970, because the Authority received some waivers of payments in lieu of taxes (PILOT) from its related City taxing authority.
- Total tenant revenue increased by \$21,289, or by 5% from that of the prior fiscal year, because
 the amount of rent each tenant pays is based on a sliding scale of their personal income. Some
 tenants' personal incomes increased, so rent revenue from these tenants increased accordingly,
 raising the overall total. Finally, other tenant revenues (such as fees collected from tenants for
 late payment of rent, damages to their units, and other assessments) decreased by \$3,545, or
 by 3%.
- Interest income decreased by \$3,227, or by 37% from that of the prior fiscal year, because the Authority spent available cash mostly on capital assets instead of temporary investments.

Compared with the prior fiscal year, total operating expenses increased \$6,032, or by 1%, but this also was made up of a combination of offsetting factors. Again, reasons for most of this change are listed below in order of impact from greatest to least:

- Utilities Expense decreased by \$104,034, or by 34% from that of the prior fiscal year, because
 water cost decreased by \$692, and electricity cost decreased by \$46,582 and gas cost
 decreased by \$56,617.
- Maintenance and repairs increased by \$89,792, or by 38% from that of the prior fiscal year, due to several major factors: Repair staff wages increased by \$11,369, or by 10%, and related employee benefit contributions increased by \$766, or by 2%. Also, materials used increased by \$79,243, whereas contract labor costs decreased by \$1,587, or by 2%.
- Depreciation expense increased by \$24,440 from that of the prior fiscal year, because there
 was an increase in capital assets by \$379,930.
- Administrative Expenses decreased by \$5,677, or by 3% from that of the prior fiscal year, due to a combination of offsetting factors: Administrative staff salaries decreased by \$1,003, or by 1% and related employee benefit contributions decreased by \$2,403, or by 7%; therefore, total staff salaries and benefit costs decreased by 2%. Finally, staff travels reimbursements increased by \$15,225, staff training costs increased by \$900, but sundry expenses decreased by \$18,766; therefore, other staff administrative expense decreased by 8%.
- General Expenses increased by \$1,175, or by 1% from that of the prior fiscal year,
- Tenant Services increased by \$337, or by 1% from that of the prior fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) September 30, 2009

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2009, the Housing Authority had a total cost of \$6,310,652 invested in a broad range of assets and construction in progress from projects funded in 2006 through 2009, listed below. This amount, not including depreciation, represents increases of \$379,930 from the prior year. More detailed information about capital assets appears in the notes to the financial statements.

Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation As of September 30, 2009

	<u>2009</u>	<u> 2008</u>
Land	\$ 300 ,657	\$ 300,657
Construction in progress	8,500	111,319
Buildings	583,822	508,494
Leasehold improvements	604,973	463,411
Furniture and equipment	84,149	92,487
Total	1,582,101	1,476,368

As of the end of the 2009 fiscal year, the Authority is still in the process of completing HUD grants of \$531,865 obtained during 2008 and 2009 fiscal years. A total remainder of \$296,527 will be received and \$289,904 will be spent for completing these projects during fiscal year 2010.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) September 30, 2009

Debt

Non-current liabilities also include accrued annual vacation and sick leave due to employees. The Housing Authority has not incurred any mortgages, leases, or bond indentures for financing capital assets or operations.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Housing Authority is primarily dependent upon HUD for the funding of operations; therefore, the Housing Authority is affected more by Federal budget than by local economic conditions. The capital budgets for the 2010 fiscal year have already been submitted to HUD for approval and no major changes are expected.

The Capital fund programs are multiple year budgets and have remained relatively stable. Capital Funds are used for the modernization of public housing properties including administrative fees involved in the modernization.

CONTACTING THE HOUSING AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide our citizens, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Housing Authority's finances, and to show the Housing Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or wish to request additional financial information, contact Don Southern, at Public Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana; P.O. Box 267; Winnsboro, LA 71295.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF WINNSBORO BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	312,446
Investments		271,361
Accounts receivable net		6,900
Prepaid items and other assets		31,851
Inventory		1,990
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents		13,885
Total Current Assets		638,433
Capital Assets, net		
Land and other non-depreciated assets		309,157
Other capital assets - net of depreciation		1,272,943
Total Capital Assets, net		1,582,100
Total Assets	\$	2,220,533
LIABILITIES	•	
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	13,322
Deferred revenue		773
Compensated absences payable		9,119
Accrued PILOT		7,298
Deposits due others		13,885
Total Current Liabilities		44,397
Noncurrent Liabilities		_
Compensated absences payable		32,871
Total Liabilities		77,268
NET ASSETS	•	
Invested in capital assets, net of		
related debt		1,582,101
Unrestricted		561,164
Net Assets	_	2,143,265
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	2,220,533

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF WINNSBORO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

OPERATING REVENUES		
Dwelling rental	\$	366,363
Governmental operating grants		506,419
Other		150,401
Total Operating Revenues		1,023,183
OPERATING EXPENSES	•	
Administration		193,850
Tenant services		27,250
Utilities		205,258
Ordinary maintenance & operations		326,576
General expenses		98,315
Depreciation		171,378
Total Operating Expenses	·	1,022,627
Income (loss) from Operations	·	556
Non Operating Revenues (Expenses) Interest earnings		5,441
Total Non-Operating		
Revenues (Expenses)		5,441
Income (loss) before contribution	-	5,997
Capital Contribution		277,111
Change in net assets	•	283,108
Total net assets - beginning		1,860,157
Total net assets - ending	\$	2,143,265

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF WINNSBORO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Rental receipts	\$	367,301
Other receipts		152,471
Federal grants		404,764
Payments to vendors		(409,958)
Payments to employees – net		(349,306)
Net cash provided (used) by		
operating activities	_	165,272
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		· ·
Purchase of capital assets		(277,111)
Federal Capital Grants		277,111
Net cash provided (used) by capital	_	
and related financing activities		0
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		_
Purchase of investments		(2,918)
Interest income		5,441
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		2,523
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	_	167,795
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Fiscal Year	_	158,536
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS End of Fiscal Year	\$	326,331

Continued

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF WINNSBORO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating income (loss)	\$	556
Adjustment to reconcile operating		
income (loss) to net cash provided (used)		
by operating activities:		
Depreciation Expense		171,378
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables		1,884
Inventories		1,247
Prepaid items		(11,233)
Account payables		1,497
Accrued expenses		(930)
Deferred revenue		773
Deposits due others		100
Net cash provided (used) by operations	\$_	165,272

Concluded

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

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NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES The accompanying financial statements of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. REPORTING ENTITY Housing Authorities are chartered as public corporations under the laws (LSA – R.S. 40.391) of the state of Louisiana for the purpose of providing safe and sanitary dwellings accommodations. This creation was contingent upon the local governing body of the city or parish declaring a need for the Housing Authority to function in such city or parish. The Housing Authority is governed by a five member Board of Commissioners. The members, appointed by the Honorable Mayor of Winnsboro, serve staggered multi-year terms.

The Housing Authority has the following units:

PHA Owned Housing FW 1349 150

GASB Statement 14 establishes criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the Housing Authority is considered a primary government, since it is a special purpose government that has a separate governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement 14, fiscally independent means that the Housing Authority may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt with HUD approval.

The Housing Authority is a related organization of the Town of Winnsboro since the Town of Winnsboro appoints a voting majority of the Housing Authority's governing board. The Town of Winnsboro is not financially accountable for the Housing Authority as it cannot impose its will on the Housing Authority and there is no potential for the Housing Authority to provide financial benefit to, or impose financial burdens on, the Town of Winnsboro. Accordingly, the Housing Authority is not a component unit of the financial reporting entity of the Town of Winnsboro.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section 2100 establishes criteria for determining which, if any, component units should be considered part of the Housing Authority for financial reporting purposes. The basic criteria for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability, which includes:

- 1) Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and:
 - a) The ability of the government to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b) The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the government.
- 2) Organizations for which the government does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the government.
- 3) Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the previous criteria, the Housing Authority has determined that there are no component units that should be considered as part of the Housing Authority reporting entity.

B. FUNDS The accounts of the Housing Authority are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The transactions of the Housing Authority are reported in a proprietary enterprise fund. The general fund accounts for the transactions of the public housing Low Rent program and the Capital Fund program and the Recovery Act Capital Fund.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

PROPRIETARY FUNDS Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. The Housing Authority has elected, pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, to apply all GASB pronouncements and only FASB pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. According to the Authority's policy, governmental operating grants are considered operating revenues. The other principal operating revenues of the Housing Authority are rent and maintenance charges to residents and operating fees earned. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the administrative costs of providing the service and the housing assistance payments to landlords. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

- D. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and interest-bearing demand deposits. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits, of less that ninety days, and cash with fiscal agent. Under state law, the Housing Authority may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.
- **E. INVESTMENTS** Investments are limited to L.S.-R.S. 33:2955 and the Housing Authority's investment policy. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents.

The investments are reflected at quoted market prices except for the following which are required/permitted as per GASB Statement No. 31:

Investments in <u>nonparticipating</u> interest-earning contracts, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates, are reported using a cost-based measure.

The Housing Authority reported at amortized cost money market investments <u>participating</u> interest-earning investment contracts that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less.

Definitions:

Interest-earning investment contract include time deposits with financial institutions (such as certificates of deposit), repurchase agreements, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Money market investments are short-term, highly liquid debt instruments that include U.S. Treasury obligations.

- **F. INVENTORY** All purchased inventory items are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventory is recorded using the purchase method. At year end, the amount of inventory is recorded for external financial reporting.
- G. PREPAID ITEMS Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

H. CAPITAL ASSETS Capital assets are recorded at historical cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives (excluding salvage value). The capitalization threshold is \$1,400. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated useful live is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Straight line depreciation is used based on the following estimated useful lives:

Site improvements15 yearsBuildings33 yearsBuilding improvements10-15 yearsFurniture and equipment3-7 yearsComputers3 years

- I. DEFERRED REVENUES The Housing Authority reports deferred revenues on its balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when resources are received by the Housing Authority before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the Housing Authority has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.
- J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES The Housing Authority follows policies it has adopted which are consistent with the Louisiana State Constitution and Rules and Regulations of the Civil Service Commission of the State of Louisiana. Civil Service requires that employees are eligible to be paid up to 300 hours of annual leave time upon separation. Additional hours pay is predicated on the Authority's operating reserve, determined by formula. Sick leave hours accumulate, but the employee is not paid for these hours if they are not used by his/her retirement or termination date.

K. RESTRICTED NET ASSETS Net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either:

Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Restricted resources are used first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

L. USE OF ESTIMATES The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses and other financing sources and uses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS The Housing Authority has reported their investments with a maturity at time of purchase of one year or less at amortized cost. Investments with maturity at time of purchase of greater than one year are presented at fair value at September 30, 2009. Deposits are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

Interest Rate Risk: The Housing Authority's policy does not address interest rate risk.

Credit Rate Risk: GASB 40 disclosure of credit rate risk does not apply, since the Authority's only investments are certificates of deposit.

Custodial Credit Risk: The Authority's policy requires the financial institution to cover the first \$250,000 of deposits with FDIC coverage. Any excess deposits must be collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, with a fair market value that equals or exceeds the amount of excess deposits.

At September 30, 2009, the Housing Authority's carrying amount of deposits was \$597,692 and the bank balance was \$632,689, which includes \$396,404 in certificates of deposits. \$271,360 is classified as investments. A C.D. of \$125,044 has a maturity of less than 90 days, and is classified as a cash equivalent. Of the bank balance, \$382,689 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the Housing Authority's name.

Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement 40, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within ten days of being notified by the Housing Authority that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Investments during the year were solely in time deposits at banks.

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE The receivables at September 30, 2009, are as follows:

Class of Receivables	
Local sources:	
Tenants	\$ 277
Federal sources:	
Grants	6,623
Total	\$ 6,900

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS The changes in capital assets are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	_	Additions	Deletior	ıs —	Ending Balance
Non-depreciable assets						
Land and buildings	\$ 300,657	\$	0 \$	S (\$	300,657
Construction in progress	111,319		0	102,819	}	8,500
Depreciable assets:						
Exhaustible capital assets						
Buildings	5,274,048		356,330	()	5,630,378
Furniture and equipment	375,509	_	23,600	19,492	?	379,617
Total	6,061,533	_	379,930	122,31	 	6,319,152
Less: accumulated depreciation						
Buildings	4,300,039		141,545	()	4,441,584
Furniture and equipment	285,126		10,342)	295,468
Total	4,585,165	_	151,887	() 	4,737,052
Capital assets, net	\$ 1,476,368	\$	228,043	122,31	\$	1,582,100

NOTE 5 – ACCOUNTS PAYABLE The payables at September 30, 2009 are as follows:

Vendors	\$ 11,935
Payroll taxes & Retirement withheld	1,386
Total	\$ 13,321

NOTE 6 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES At September 30, 2009, employees of the Housing Authority have accumulated and vested \$41,991 of employee leave computed in accordance with GASB, Codification Section C60.

NOTE 7 - LONG - TERM OBLIGATIONS The following is a summary of the long - term obligation transactions for the year ended September 30, 2009.

	Compensated Absences			
Balance, beginning	\$	45,453		
Additions		15,223		
Deductions		(18,685)		
Balance, ending		41,991		
Amounts due in one year	\$	9,119		

NOTE 8 – RETIREMENT SYSTEM The Housing Authority participates in the Louisiana Housing Council Group Retirement Plan, which is a defined contribution plan. The plan consists of employees of various local and regional housing authorities, urban renewal agencies, and other similar organizations. Through this plan, the Housing Authority provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees. All full-time employees are eligible to participate in the plan on the first day of the month after completing one month of continuous and uninterrupted employment.

Under a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Each participant in the plan is required to make a monthly contribution equal to 1.5% of his effective compensation. The participant's portion was frozen when the PHA began participating in social security. The employer is required to make monthly contributions equal to 4% of each participant's effective compensation.

The Housing Authority's contribution for each employee and income allocated to the employee's account is fully vested after five years of continuous service. The Housing Authority's contributions and interest forfeited by employees who leave employment before five years of service are used to offset future contributions of the Housing Authority.

The Housing Authority has the right to establish or amend retirement plan provisions. The Housing Authority's Joinder Agreement with the Group Retirement Plan may be amended or modified by Board Resolution. Amendment of the Joinder Agreement is limited to provisions affecting plan specifications.

The Housing Authority made the required contributions of \$8,032 for the year ended September 30, 2009, of which \$5,592 was paid by the Housing Authority and \$2,440 was paid by employees. No payments were made out of the forfeiture account.

NOTE 9 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

Litigation The Housing Authority is not presently involved in litigation.

Grant Disallowances The Housing Authority participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to compliance audits under the single audit approach. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Housing Authority management believes that the amount of disallowance, if any, which may arise from future audits will not be material.

<u>Construction Projects</u> There are certain renovation or construction projects in progress at September 30, 2009. These include modernizing rental units. These projects are being funded by HUD. Funds are requested periodically as the cost is incurred.

<u>Risk Management</u> The Housing Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Housing Authority carries commercial insurance.

The Housing Authority transfers risk of loss by participating in a public entity risk pool and contracting with a commercial insurance carrier for all major categories of exposed risk.

This includes coverage of property, general liability, public liability, and worker's compensation. The risk pool and insurance contracted are obligated to meet settlements up to the maximum coverage, after the PHA's premiums and deductions are met.

Louisiana State law prohibits one governmental entity assessing another entity. If the Louisiana Housing Council Group Self Insured Fund (LHC) risk pool is unable to meet its obligations, the risk to the Housing Authority is only that it sown claim would be unpaid.

Coverage has not significantly changed from the previous year and settlements for each of the past three years have not exceeded insurance coverage.

NOTE 10 – ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE The Department of Housing and Urban Development provided \$783,530 to the Housing Authority, which represents approximately 60% of the Housing Authority's total revenue and capital contributions for the year.

MIKE ESTES, P.C.

A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING CORPORATION 4200 AIRPORT FREEWAY – SUITE 100 FORT WORTH, LOUISIANA 76117

> (817) 831-3553 METRO (817) 654-4063 (817) 831-3560 e-mail. mestespc@swbell.net

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and the
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AUDIT OUALITY CENTER

MIKE ESTES, CPA

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Housing Authority of Winnsboro Winnsboro, Louisiana

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated February 8, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Commissioners, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mike Estes, P.C. Fort Worth, Texas February 8, 2010

MIKE ESTES, P.C.

A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING CORPORATION 4200 AIRPORT FREEWAY – SUITE 100 FORT WORTH, LOUISIANA 76117

> (817) 831-3553 METRO (817) 654-4063 (817) 831-3560 e-mail: mestespc@swbell net

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MIKE ESTES, CPA

Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each
Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in
Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Housing Authority of Winnsboro Winnsboro, Louisiana

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2009. The Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2009.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Commissioners, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mike Estes, P.C. Fort Worth, Texas February 8, 2010

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF WINNSBORO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

FEDERAL GRANTOR PROGRAM TITLE	CDFA NO. E		PROGRAM EXPENDITURES	
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Programs:				
Low-Income Housing Operating Subsidy	14.850a	\$	396,202	
Public Housing Capital Fund	14.872		355,228	
American Recovery and Reinvestment Act	14.884		32,100	
Total United States Department				
of Housing and Urban Development		\$	783,530	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	783,530	

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF WINNSBORO NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

NOTE 1 – GENERAL The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal awards programs of the Housing Authority of Winnsboro, Louisiana (the "Housing Authority"). The Housing Authority reporting entity is defined in note 1(A) to the Housing Authority's basic financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the schedule.

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF ACCOUNTING The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the accrual basis of accounting, which is described in note 1(C) to the Housing Authority's basic financial statements.

NOTE 3 - RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Federal awards revenues are reported in the Housing Authority's basic financial statements as follows:

	_	Federal Sources		
General	\$	783,530		
Total	\$	783,530		

NOTE 4 – RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL FINANCIAL REPORTS Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports except for changes made to reflect amounts in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF WINNSBORO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND OUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Section I - Summary of the Auditor's Results

Financial Statement Audit

- i. The type of audit report issued was unqualified.
- ii. There were no significant deficiencies required to be disclosed by *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.
- iii. There were no instances of noncompliance considered material, as defined by the Government Auditing Standards to the financial statements.

Audit of Federal Awards

- iv. There were no significant deficiencies required to be disclosed by OMB Circular No. A-133.
- v. The type of report the auditor issued on compliance for major programs was unqualified.
- vi. The audit disclosed no audit findings which the auditor is required to report under OMB Circular No. A-133, Section .510(a).
- vii. The major federal programs are:

CFDA# 14.850	Public and Indian Housing – Low Rent Program
CFDA# 14.872	Capital Fund
CFDA# 14.884	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act

- viii. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs as described in OMB Circular No. A-133, Section .520(b) was 300,000.
- ix. The auditee qualifies as a low-risk auditee under OMB Circular No. A-133, Section .530.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF WINNSBORO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Section II – Findings related to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards generally accepted in the United States of America:

None

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF WINNSBORO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Section III – Findings and questioned costs for federal awards which are required to be reported under OMB Circular No. A-133 Section .510 (a):

None

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF WINNSBORO SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

The following prior audit findings were required to be reported under OMB Circular No. A-133, Section 510(a) (for the major program) for the prior year:

None



HOUSING AUTHORITY OF WINNSBORO STATEMENT AND CERTIFICATION OF ACTUAL MODERNIZATION COST ANNUAL CONTRIBUTION CONTRACT

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

	2006 Capital Fund	2007 Capital Fund
Funds approved	\$ 226,610	\$ 215,946
Funds expended	226,610	215,946
Excess of funds approved	\$ 0	\$ 0
Funds advanced	\$ 226,610	\$ 215,946
Funds expended	226,610	215,946
Excess of funds advanced	\$ 0	\$ 0

- 1. The Actual Modernization Costs are as follows:
- 2. The distribution of costs by project as shown on the Final Statements of Modernization Costs, both dated September 10, 2009, accompanying the Actual Modernization Costs Certificates submitted to HUD for approval are in agreement with the PHA's records.
- 3. All modernization costs have been paid and all related liabilities have been discharged through payment.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF WINNSBORO STATEMENT OF MODERNIZATION COSTS - UNCOMPLETED

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

CASH BASIS

		2008 Capital Fund		2009 Capital Fund	
Funds approved	\$	234,736	\$	297,129	
Funds expended	_	209,861		32,100	
Excess of funds approved	\$	24,875	\$	265,029	
Funds advanced	\$	205,838	\$	29,500	
Funds expended	_	209,861		32,100	
Excess (deficiency) of funds advanced	\$	(4,023)	\$	(2,600)	

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF WINNSBORO FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

THE NEXT TWO PAGE NUMBERS ARE RESERVED FOR THE FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE